What You Will Learn

- Use the Ruler Postulate.
- Copy segments and compare segments for congruence.
- Use the Segment Addition Postulate.

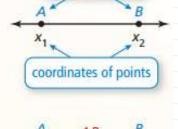
Postulate = Axion -> Assumed trutls

Postulate

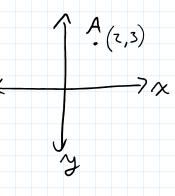
Postulate 1.1 Ruler Postulate

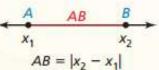
The points on a line can be matched one to one with the real numbers. The real number that corresponds to a point is the **coordinate** of the point.

The **distance** between points A and B, written as AB, is the absolute value of the difference of the coordinates of A and B.



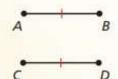
names of points





Congruent Segments

Line segments that have the same length are called <u>congruent segments</u>. You can say "the <u>length</u> of \overline{AB} is equal to the length of \overline{CD} ," or you can say " \overline{AB} is congruent to \overline{CD} ." The symbol \cong means "is congruent to."



Lengths are equal.

AB = CD



Segments are congruent.

$$\overline{AB} \cong \overline{CD}$$



"is congruent to"

= -7 Sana slapa (squa size

AAAD

Measure the length of \overline{AB} to the nearest tenth of a centimeter.

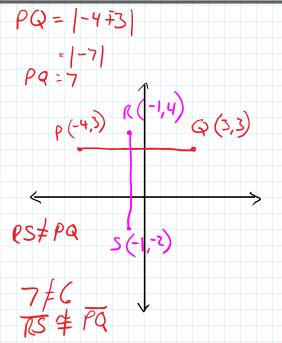


Plot the points P(-4, 3), Q(3, 3), R(-1, 4), and $S(\dot{-1}, -2)$ in a coordinate plane. Then determine whether \overline{PQ} and \overline{RS} are congruent.

$$RS = |4+2|$$

$$|C|$$

$$RS = G$$

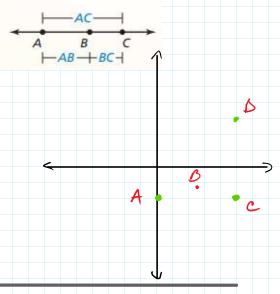


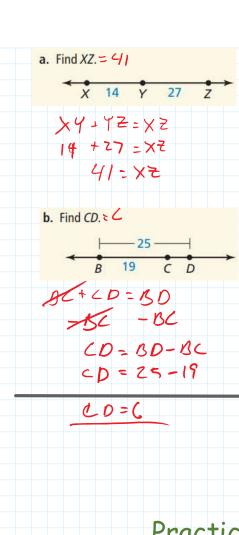
Postulate

Postulate 1.2 Segment Addition Postulate

If B is between A and C, then AB + BC = AC.

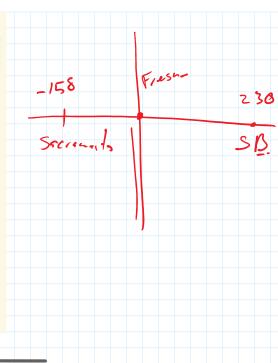
If AB + BC = AC, then B is between A and C.





The cities shown on the map lie approximately in a straight line. Find the distance from Sacramento, California, to San Bernardino, California.





Practice sec 1.2
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